ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF PLACER ROSEVILLE, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2017

JUNE 30, 2017

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FINANCIAL SECTION

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Roseville City School District Roseville, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Roseville City School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Education Roseville City School District Page Two

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Roseville City School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 15, the budgetary comparison information on page 61, the schedule of funding progress on page 62, the schedules of the proportionate share of the net pension liability on pages 63 and 64, and the schedules of contributions on pages 65 and 66 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Roseville City School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information listed in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of Education Roseville City School District Page Three

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2017 on our consideration of Roseville City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Roseville City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 12, 2017

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

This section of the Roseville City School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report presented on pages 1 through 3 and the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, presented on pages 16 and 17, provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. The fund financial statements for governmental activities, presented on pages 18 through 21, provide information about how the District services were financed in the short-term, and how much remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the District.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total District's overall financial status improved during the year, as total net position increased \$17,746,425 or 14.4% during 2016-17.
- Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$3,435,219 primarily due to an increase in work in progress for Orchard Ranch Elementary school.
- The District continues to record a liability in the financial statements to reflect the District's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities related to its participation in the CalSTRS and CalPERS pension plans as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
 - Long-term debt, excluding the net pension liability, decreased \$9,107,074 due primarily to a decrease in the deferred obligation for Fiddyment Farm Elementary School and payments on the outstanding general obligation bonds and certificates of participation.
 - > The District's average daily attendance (ADA) increased 427 ADA in fiscal year 2016-17.
 - The District maintains sufficient reserves for a district its size. It meets the state required minimum reserve for economic uncertainty of 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). During fiscal year 2016-17, General Fund expenditures and other financing uses totaled \$99,598,255. At June 30, 2017, the District has available reserves of \$13,306,309 in the General Fund, which represents a reserve of 13.4%.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

THE FINANCIAL REPORT

The full annual financial report consists of three separate parts, including the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and management's discussion and analysis. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of the two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives, government-wide and funds.

- Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position.
- Individual parts of the District, which are reported as fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - Basic services funding is described in the governmental funds statements. These statements include short-term financing and identify the balance remaining for future spending.
 - Financial relationships, for which the District acts as an agent or trustee for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong, are presented in the fiduciary funds statements.

Notes to the financials, which are included in the financial statements, provide more detailed data and explain some of the information in the statements. The required supplementary information provides further explanations and provides additional support for the financial statements. A comparison of the District's budget for the year is included.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The District as a whole is reported in the government-wide statements and uses accounting methods similar to those used by companies in the private sector. All the District's assets and liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The District financial health or position (net position) can be measured by taking the difference between the District's assets and liabilities.

- Increases or decreases in the net position of the District over time are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- Additional non-financial factors such as the condition of school buildings and other facilities, and changes in the property tax base of the District need to be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

THE FINANCIAL REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Reporting the District as a Whole (Concluded)

Governmental Activities:

The basic services provided by the District, such as regular and special education, administration, and transportation are included here, and are primarily financed by property taxes and state formula aid. Non-basic services, such as child nutrition are also included here, but are financed by a combination of state and federal contract and grants, and local revenues.

Business-type Activities:

The District does not provide any services that should be included in this category.

Reporting the District Most Significant Funds

The District's fund-based financial statements provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law and bond covenants. However, the District establishes many other funds as needed to control and manage money for specific purposes.

Governmental Funds:

The major governmental funds of Roseville City School District are the General Fund, Bond Interest and Redemption Fund, and Developer Fees Fund. Governmental fund reporting focuses on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances that remain at the end of the year. A modified accrual basis of accounting measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and services. Governmental fund information helps determine the level of financial resources available in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Proprietary Funds:

Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds on a full accrual basis. These include both Enterprise funds and Internal Service funds. Enterprise funds are considered business-type activities and are also reported under a full accrual method. This is the same basis as business-type activities; therefore no reconciling entries are required. Internal service funds are reported with Governmental Funds. The District has no funds of this type.

Fiduciary Funds:

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship and student activity funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate fiduciary statements. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance their operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The District's net position increased from \$123,496,486 at June 30, 2016 up to \$141,242,911 at June 30, 2017, or 14.4%.

Comparative Statement	of Net Position	
	Governmer	ntal Activities
	2016	2017
<u>Assets</u> Deposits and Investments Receivables Inventory Prepaid Expenses Capital Assets, net Total Assets	\$ 50,305,121 4,459,734 51,814 302,834 204,078,216 259,197,719	\$ 58,606,347 5,294,018 51,042 324,512 207,513,435 271,789,354
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> Pension Deferrals Bond Refunding Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,426,904 839,630 10,266,534	20,505,728 770,144 21,275,872
<u>Liabilities</u> Current Long-Term Total Liabilities	16,230,199 122,831,009 139,061,208	18,493,614 130,972,654 149,466,268
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension Deferrals	6,906,559	2,356,047
<u>Net Position</u> Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for Capital Projects Restricted for Debt Service (Deficit) Restricted for Educational Programs Restricted for Other Purposes Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position	170,346,617 16,681,894 (5,731,464) 4,907,484 1,687,220 (64,395,265) \$ 123,496,486	180,516,823 22,206,071 (2,111,309) 4,186,547 1,981,958 (65,537,179) \$ 141,242,911
Table includes financial data of the combined government	tal funds	

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

The deficit balance presented above for Restricted for Debt Service primarily reflects that the obligation for accumulated accreted interest on the District's outstanding capital appreciation bonds currently exceeds the amount available in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The deficit will be eliminated by future property tax collections.

The deficit Unrestricted balance presented above is primarily due to the fact that the District is now required to record a liability in the financial statements to reflect the District's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities related to its participation in the CaISTRS and CaIPERS pension plans.

Comparative Statement o	f Changes in Net F	Position
	Governmen	ntal Activities
	2016	2017
Program Revenues Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ 1,913,803 17,555,638 1,505	\$ 2,131,576 18,248,599 0
General Revenues Taxes Levied Federal and State Aid Interest and Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	42,613,805 45,010,730 269,206 7,776,630	46,153,351 46,353,217 322,348 19,086,248
Total Revenues	115,141,317	132,295,339
Expenses Instruction Instruction-Related Services Pupil Services General Administration Plant Services Ancillary Services Interest on Long-Term Debt Other Outgo	67,580,805 7,363,231 11,604,106 4,161,913 8,354,230 118,670 2,216,743 1,416,666	76,073,882 7,918,966 12,361,510 5,421,361 8,861,368 125,881 1,951,566 1,834,380
Total Expenses	102,816,364	114,548,914
Changes in Net Position	12,324,953	17,746,425
Net Position, Beginning	111,171,533	123,496,486
Net Position, Ending	\$ 123,496,486	\$ 141,242,911
Table includes financial data of the combined gove	ernmental funds	

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Overall 2016-17 revenues increased \$17,154,022 (14.9%) compared to 2015-16 primarily due to the following:

- > \$7,222,699 increase in local control funding formula source revenues.
- > \$2,952,108 decrease in mandated revenues.
- > \$575,476 increase in property tax collections for debt service payments.
- > \$11,377,511 increase in developer fee revenues.
- > \$235,224 increase in cafeteria program revenues.
- \$312,130 increase in other local revenues due to increases in Erate funding and miscellaneous donations.

Total program expenses increased \$11,732,550 (11.4%) during fiscal year 2016-17 mainly due to the following:

- Salary and benefits increased by \$7,203,770 primarily due to salary settlements and step and column movement. In addition, contributions to the Public Employees Retirement System and State Teacher's Retirement System continue to increase.
- \$2,048,523 increase in textbook related expenditures due a textbook adoption during the 2016-17 fiscal year.
- \$508,002 increase in materials and supplies due to District technology and Wi-Fi upgrades.
- \$417,717 increase in tuition payments to Placer County Office of Education for special education services.

The following table presents the cost of major District activities. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The \$94,168,739 net cost represents the financial burden that was placed on the District's general revenues for providing the services listed below. Further detail is available on page 17 of this report.

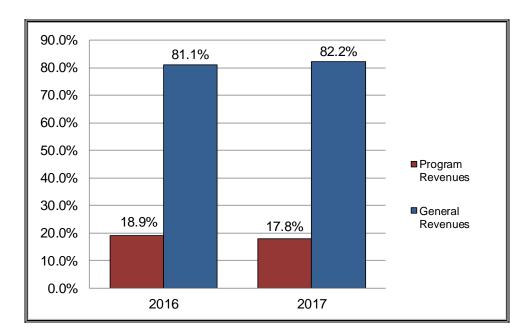
(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

	Total Cost of Services Net Cost/(Reven						nue) d	of Services
		2016		2017		2016	_	2017
Instruction	\$	67,580,805	\$	76,073,882	\$	57,944,580	\$	66,349,262
Instruction-Related Services		7,363,231		7,918,966		6,755,352		7,360,305
Pupil Services		11,604,106		12,361,510		4,918,353		5,236,100
General Administration		4,161,913		5,421,361		3,848,065		5,092,920
Plant Services		8,354,230		8,861,368		7,758,474		7,325,710
Ancillary Services		118,670		125,881		114,341		120,759
Interest on Long-Term Debt		2,216,743		1,951,566		2,216,743		1,951,566
Other Outgo		1,416,666		1,834,380		(210,490)		732,117
Totals	\$	102,816,364	\$	114,548,914	\$	83,345,418	\$	94,168,739

In 2016-17, program revenues financed 17.8% of the total cost of providing the services listed above, while the remaining 82.2% was funded by the general revenues of the District.

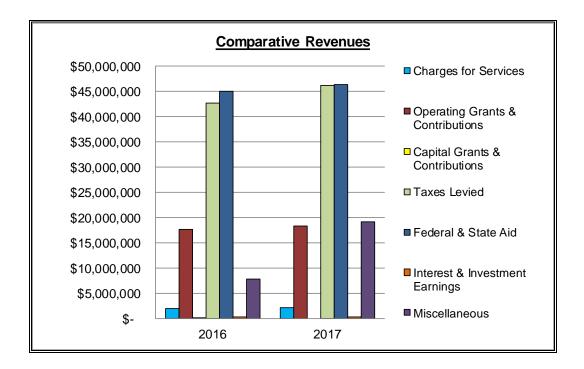


(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

	 FYE 2016 Amount	Percent of Total	 FYE 2017 Amount	Percent of Total
Program Revenues Charges for Services Operating Grants & Contributions Capital Grants & Contributions	\$ 1,913,803 17,555,638 1,505	1.66% 15.25% 0.00%	\$ 2,131,576 18,248,599 0	1.61% 13.79% 0.00%
General Revenues Taxes Levied Federal & State Aid Interest & Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	42,613,805 45,010,730 269,206 7,776,630	37.01% 39.09% 0.23% 6.75%	46,153,351 46,353,217 322,348 19,086,248	34.89% 35.04% 0.24% 14.43%
Total Revenues	\$ 115,141,317	100.00%	\$ 132,295,339	100.00%

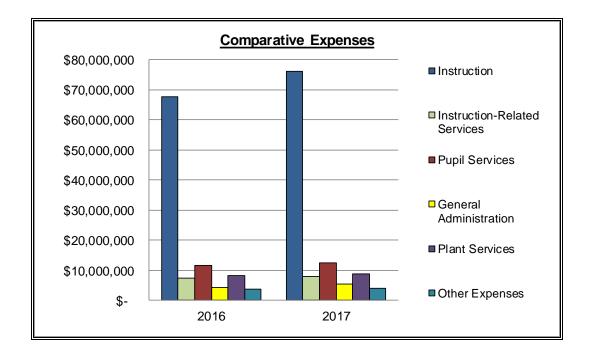


(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Schedule of Expenses For Governmental Functions								
		FYE 2016 Amount	Percent of Total		FYE 2017 Amount	Percent of Total		
Expenses Instruction Instruction-Related Services Pupil Services General Administration Plant Services Other Expenses	\$	67,580,805 7,363,231 11,604,106 4,161,913 8,354,230 3,752,079	65.73% 7.16% 11.29% 4.05% 8.13% 3.65%	\$	76,073,882 7,918,966 12,361,510 5,421,361 8,861,368 3,911,827	66.41% 6.91% 10.79% 4.73% 7.74% 3.41%		
Total Expenses	\$	102,816,364	100.00%	\$	114,548,914	100.00%		



(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets									
	Governmental Activities								
	2016 2017								
Land Sites and Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Work-in-Progress	\$ 40,714,239 \$ 40,714,239 16,827,201 16,837,113 206,787,425 207,787,107 4,140,631 4,254,238 503,042 7,947,751								
Subtotals Less: Accumulated Depreciation	268,972,538 277,540,448 (64,894,322) (70,027,013)								
Capital Assets, net	(04,894,322) (70,027,013) \$ 204,078,216 \$ 207,513,435								

Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased by \$3,435,219 primarily due to an increase in work in progress for Orchard Ranch Elementary School.

Comparative Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities								
	Governmental Activities							
	2016			2017				
Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds Certificates of Participation Capital Leases Deferred Obligation Early Retirement Incentives Other Post Employment Benefits	\$	179,480 35,765,299 8,755,000 300,080 3,454,282 2,386,295 5,673,464	\$	199,540 30,097,385 7,780,000 314,244 0 2,327,228 6,688,429				
Totals Before GASB 68		56,513,900		47,406,826				
Net Pension Liability		74,713,402		92,754,845				
Totals	\$	131,227,302	\$	140,161,671				

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONCLUDED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONCLUDED)

The general obligation bonds are financed by the local taxpayers through voter-approved elections and represent 21% of the District's long-term debt. The liability for the certificates of participation represents 6% of the District's long-term debt and will be paid by developer fees. The remaining portion of long-term debt, which will be paid primarily from the General Fund, consists of computer leases, the District's share of early retirement incentive payments, the value of the vacation earned, but not taken as of June 30, 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 45 other post employment benefits obligation and the GASB Statement 68 net pension liabilities. The District has continued to meet the debt service requirements of all its long-term debt.

The District continues to record a liability in the financial statements to reflect the District's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities related to its participation in the CalSTRS and CalPERS pension plans as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial presentation and contain more detailed information as to interest, principal, retirement amounts, and future debt retirement dates.

Comparative Schedule of Fund Balances							
		ind Balances ine 30, 2016		und Balances une 30, 2017		Increase (Decrease)	
General Bond Interest & Redemption Developer Fees Cafeteria County School Facilities	\$	21,524,429 8,059,540 16,666,685 1,374,386 15,209	\$	22,804,241 8,628,590 22,206,071 1,647,446 0	\$	1,279,812 569,050 5,539,386 273,060 (15,209)	
Totals	\$	47,640,249	\$	55,286,348	\$	7,646,099	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The combined fund balances of all funds increased by \$7,646,099 primarily due to developer fees collected exceeding expenditures and transfers out.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with California law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget based on updated financial information. The original budget, approved in June for July 1, is based on May Revise figures and updated, if necessary with 45 days after the State approves its final budget. In addition, the District revises its budget at First and Second Interim. The original budget presented on page 61 includes only new revenues for 2016-17.

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- The new Local Control Funding Formula ("LCFF") replaces the statutory COLA provisions, rendering forecasts of future funding less certain and potentially more volatile. In the near-term district funding has increased, but with portions of the underlying funding for these increases depending on temporary voter-approved taxes, part of which expired January 1, 2017, long-term increases in funding are less certain.
- The new "LCFF" model also removes protections for increases in unemployment insurance and contributions to the Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS"). Previously, increases or decreases in these expenses were offset dollar for dollar within the revenue limit calculation.
- Contributions to PERS and State Teacher's Retirement System ("STRS") are rising significantly necessitating increased fringe benefit expenditures through fiscal year 2020-21.
- Enrollment declined at the beginning of 2014-15 by 250 students, but increased by 214 in 2015-16 and by nearly 500 in 2016-17. The West Roseville Specific Plan Area continues to grow. The District currently has four schools in the area, Junction Elementary School, Barbara Chilton Middle School, Fiddyment Farm Elementary School, and Orchard Ranch Elementary School. The next elementary school is scheduled for completion in 2020.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact Dennis Snelling, Assistant Superintendent of Business Services, Roseville City School District, 1050 Main Street, Roseville, CA 95678.

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
Assets	•
Deposits and Investments (Note 2)	\$ 58,606,347
Receivables (Note 3)	5,294,018
Stores Inventory (Note 1H)	51,042
Prepaid Expenses (Note 1H)	324,512
Capital Assets (Note 5)	10 71 4 000
Land	40,714,239
Sites and Improvements	16,837,113
Buildings and Improvements	207,787,107
Furniture and Equipment	4,254,238
Work-in-Progress	7,947,751
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(70,027,013)
Total Assets	271,789,354
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension Deferrals (Note 11)	20,505,728
Bond Refunding (Note 1H)	770,144
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	21,275,872
Liabilities	0 500 005
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	8,560,885
Accrued Interest Payable	315,026
Unearned Revenue (Note 1H)	428,686
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year:	100 540
Compensated Absences (Note 1H)	199,540 7,285,998
General Obligation Bonds Certificates of Participation	
Capital Leases	1,010,000 157,323
Early Retirement Incentives	536,156
Portion Due or Payable After One Year:	556,156
General Obligation Bonds (Note 6)	22,811,387
Certificates of Participation (Note 7)	6,770,000
Capital Leases (Note 8)	156,921
Early Retirement Incentives (Note 9)	1,791,072
Other Post Employment Benefits (Note 10)	6,688,429
Net Pension Liabilities (Note 11)	92,754,845
Total Liabilities	149,466,268
Deferred Inflows of Passuras	
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Pension Deferrals (Note 11)	2,356,047
Pension Deletrais (Note 11)	2,330,047
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	180,516,823
Restricted:	
For Capital Projects	22,206,071
For Debt Service (Deficit)	(2,111,309)
For Educational Programs	4,186,547
For Other Purposes	1,981,958
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(65,537,179)
Total Net Position	\$ 141,242,911

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		F	Program Revenue	s	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction Instruction-Related Services:	\$ 76,073,882		\$ 9,724,620		\$ (66,349,262)
Supervision of Instruction	1,292,859		235,709		(1,057,150)
Instructional Library and Technology	629,543		17,701		(611,842)
School Site Administration	5,996,564		305,251		(5,691,313)
Pupil Services:					
Home-to-School Transportation	1,820,587		30,512		(1,790,075)
Food Services	5,261,922	\$ 2,021,330	3,449,092		208,500
Other Pupil Services	5,279,001		1,624,476		(3,654,525)
General Administration:					
Data Processing Services	2,210,167		456		(2,209,711)
Other General Administration	3,211,194	81,520	246,465		(2,883,209)
Plant Services	8,861,368	28,726	1,506,932		(7,325,710)
Ancillary Services	125,881		5,122		(120,759)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,951,566				(1,951,566)
Other Outgo	1,834,380		1,102,263		(732,117)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 114,548,914	\$ 2,131,576	\$ 18,248,599	\$ 0	(94,168,739)
<u>General Revenues</u>					
Taxes Levied for General Purposes					38,206,225
Taxes Levied for Debt Service					7,581,276
Taxes Levied for Specific Purposes					365,850
Federal and State Aid - Unrestricted					46,353,217
Interest and Investment Earnings					322,348
Miscellaneous					19,086,248
Total General Revenues					111,915,164
Change in Net Position					17,746,425
Net Position - July 1, 2016					123,496,486
Net Position - June 30, 2017					\$141,242,911

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	General	Bond Interest and Redemption	Developer Fees	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Deposits and Investments (Note 2)	\$ 23,339,123	\$ 8,618,883	\$ 25,245,456	\$ 1,402,885	\$ 58,606,347
Receivables (Note 3)	4,644,350	9,707	77,296	562,665	5,294,018
Due from Other Funds (Note 4)	240,429	-,	2	114	240,545
Stores Inventory (Note 1H)				51,042	51,042
Prepaid Expenditures (Note 1H)	324,512				324,512
Total Assets	\$ 28,548,414	\$ 8,628,590	\$ 25,322,754	\$ 2,016,706	\$ 64,516,464
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 5,726,155		\$ 2,805,872	\$ 28,858	\$ 8,560,885
Due to Other Funds (Note 4)	114			240,431	240,545
Unearned Revenue (Note 1H)	17,904		310,811	99,971	428,686
Total Liabilities	5,744,173		3,116,683	369,260	9,230,116
Fund Balances: (Note 14)					
Nonspendable	334,512			51,042	385,554
Restricted	4,186,547	\$ 8,628,590	22,206,071	1,596,404	36,617,612
Committed	1,871,258				1,871,258
Assigned	3,105,615				3,105,615
Unassigned	13,306,309				13,306,309
Total Fund Balances	22,804,241	8,628,590	22,206,071	1,647,446	55,286,348
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 28,548,414	\$ 8,628,590	\$ 25,322,754	\$ 2,016,706	\$ 64,516,464

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	55,286,348
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds due to the following:		ŗ	,,
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.			
Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation Net	\$ 277,540,448 (70,027,013)	-	207,513,435
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported:			
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions			20,505,728 (2,356,047)
Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, the gain or loss from debt refunding activities is recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the gain or loss is deferred and amortized as interest over the life of the new or refunded debt, whichever period is shorter. The deferred amount from refunding, reported as deferred outflows of resources, are:			770,144
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:			
Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds Certificates of Participation Capital Leases Early Retirement Incentives Other Post Employment Benefits Net Pension Liabilities Total	\$ 199,540 30,097,385 7,780,000 314,244 2,327,228 6,688,429 92,754,845		(140.161.671)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long- term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owed at the end of the period was:			(140,161,671)
Fotal Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	141,242,911

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General	Bond Interest and Redemption	Developer Fees	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Revenues</u>					
LCFF Sources:					
State Apportionment / Transfers Local Taxes	\$ 42,420,355 38,168,657				\$ 42,420,355 38,168,657
Total LCFF Sources	80,589,012				80,589,012
Federal Revenue	3,683,624			\$ 3,361,506	7,045,130
State Revenue	9,398,648	\$ 56,267		232,571	9,687,486
Local Revenue	6,428,890	7,591,108	\$ 18,780,148	2,173,565	34,973,711
Total Revenues	100,100,174	7,647,375	18,780,148	5,767,642	132,295,339
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Current:					
Instruction	67,728,785				67,728,785
Supervision of Instruction	1,255,555				1,255,555
Instructional Library and Technology	628,742				628,742
School Site Administration	5,856,460				5,856,460
Home-To-School Transportation	1,757,492				1,757,492
Food Services	1,182			5,211,486	5,212,668
Other Pupil Services	5,066,525				5,066,525
Data Processing Services	2,192,972				2,192,972
Other General Administration	2,776,078			209,333	2,985,411
Plant Services	8,662,660		67,963	88,973	8,819,596
Facilities Acquisition					
and Construction	726,659		7,899,119		8,625,778
Ancillary Services	122,583				122,583
Other Outgo	1,834,380				1,834,380
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	749,714	6,497,888	975,000	3,454,282	11,676,884
Interest and Issuance Costs	238,468	580,437	272,827		1,091,732
Total Expenditures	99,598,255	7,078,325	9,214,909	8,964,074	124,855,563
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	501,919	569,050	9,565,239	(3,196,432)	7,439,776
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating Transfers In	571,570			3,454,283	4,025,853
Operating Transfers Out	- ,		(4,025,853)	-, - ,	(4,025,853)
Other Sources	206,323		(1,,)		206,323
		<u> </u>			
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	777,893	0	(4,025,853)	3,454,283	206,323
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,279,812	569,050	5,539,386	257,851	7,646,099
Fund Balances - July 1, 2016	21,524,429	8,059,540	16,666,685	1,389,595	47,640,249
Fund Balances - June 30, 2017	\$ 22,804,241	\$ 8,628,590	\$ 22,206,071	\$ 1,647,446	\$ 55,286,348

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE STATEMENTS

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different rom amounts reported in governmental funds due to the following:		
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the Capital Outlay Expenditures Depreciation Expense Net	\$ 8,625,7 (5,190,5	3,435,219
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:		11,676,884
Debt proceeds: In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premiums or discounts, were:		(206,323)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:		(916,346)
Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:		(20,060)
Early Retirement Incentives: In governmental funds, early retirement incentives are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, early retirement incentives are measured by the amounts earned. The amount of early retirement incentives earned was:		(498,488)
Post employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:		(1,014,965)
Pensions: In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:		(2,412,107)
Amortization of debt issue premium or discount or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or discount, the premium or discount is recognized as Other Financing Sources or Other Financing Uses in the period it is incurred In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount, plus any deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. The premiums, discount, or gain or loss on debt refunding activities and the amortization for the period are:		56,512
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 17,746,425

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		te-Purpose Trust			Total	
	Scholarship Funds		Agency Funds		Fiduciary Funds	
<u>Assets</u>						
Deposits and Investments (Note 2)	\$	66,509	\$ 222,061	\$	288,570	
Receivables - Interest		17			17	
Total Assets		66,526	222,061		288,587	
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts Payable		100			100	
Due to Student Groups			 222,061		222,061	
Total Liabilities		100	 222,061		222,161	
Net Position						
Restricted		66,426	 0		66,426	
Total Net Position	\$	66,426	\$ 0	\$	66,426	

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Private-Purpose Trust
	Scholarship Funds
Additions	
Interest	\$ 278
Deductions	
Books and Supplies	5,000
Scholarships Awarded	100
Total Deductions	5,100
Change in Net Position	(4,822)
<u>Net Position</u>	
Net Position - July 1, 2016	71,248
Net Position - June 30, 2017	\$ 66,426

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Roseville City School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of California. It is governed by a five member Board of Education elected by registered voters of the District, which comprises an area in Placer County. The District was established in 1869 and serves students in kindergarten through eighth grade.

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The financial reporting entity consists of the following:

- > The primary government
- > Organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable
- Other organizations for which the primary government may determine, through exercise of management's professional judgment, that the inclusion of an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, the organization should be included as a component unit.

Component Units are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the primary government (District) are financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for the Roseville City Schools Public Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") and therefore the Corporation meets the reporting entity definition. Accordingly, the financial activities of the Corporation have been included in the financial statements of the District.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the Corporation that satisfy the financial reporting entity criteria:

- > The Corporation's Board of Directors was appointed by the District's Board of Education.
- The Corporation has no employees. The District's Superintendent and the Assistant Superintendent - Business Services function as agents of the Corporation. Neither individual receives additional compensation for work performed in this capacity.
- The District exercises significant influence over operations of the Corporation as the District will always be the sole lessee of all facilities owned by the Corporation.
- All major financing arrangements, contracts, and financial transactions of the Corporation must have the consent of the District.
- Any deficits incurred by the Corporation will be reflected in the lease payments of the District. Any surpluses of the Corporation revert to the District at the end of the lease period.
- > The District's lease payments will be the sole revenue source of the Corporation.
- The District has assumed a "moral obligation", and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the Corporation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity (Concluded)</u>

The Corporation is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State in January 1990. The Corporation was formed for the sole purpose of providing financial assistance to the District for construction and acquisition of major capital facilities. When the Corporation's Certificates of Participation have been paid with State reimbursements and the District's developer fees, title to all Corporation property will pass to the District for no additional consideration.

The Corporation's financial activity is blended with the District's financial data and is presented in the Developer Fees Fund. Certificates of Participation issued by the Corporation are reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 39 (GASB 39), *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, provides further guidance, stating that a legally separate organization should be reported as a component unit if specific criteria are met. The District has determined that there are no organizations, for which the District is not financially accountable, which should be reported within its financial reporting entity under GASB 39.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District and its component units. The effect of interfund activity within the governmental activities column has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. <u>Basis of Presentation (Concluded)</u>

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 45, 60, 90 days after year-end, depending on the revenue source. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to state aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Certain grants received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have also been recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures:

On an accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District maintains the following governmental fund types:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Other resources also may be reported in the fund if those resources are restricted, committed, or assigned to the specified purpose of the fund.

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Fund Accounting (Concluded)

The District's funds are organized into major, non-major and fiduciary funds as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District.

The *Bond Interest and Redemption Fund* is used to account for District taxes received and expended to pay bond interest and redeem bond principal.

The *Developer Fees Fund* is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

Non-major Governmental Funds:

The *Cafeteria Fund* is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's cafeteria program.

The *County School Facilities Fund* is used to account for state apportionments received (Education Code Sections 17070.10-17076.10) and expenditures for new school facility construction or modernization projects.

Fiduciary Funds:

Expendable Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the District as trustee. The District maintains two expendable private-purpose trust funds, collectively the Scholarship Fund, to provide scholarships or financial aid to benefit the students of the District.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets of others for which the District acts as an agent. The District maintains an agency fund for the fourteen (14) student body accounts. The District maintains student body funds, which are used to account for the raising and expending of money to promote the general welfare, and educational experience of the student body.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's Governing Board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's Governing Board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1.

A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's Governing Board satisfied these requirements. These budgets are revised by the District's Governing Board and Superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budget is presented for the General Fund as required supplementary information on page 61.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Concluded)</u>

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. <u>Encumbrances</u>

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Equity</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

The District is authorized to maintain cash in banks and revolving funds that are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001).

The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California *Government Code* Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the County are either secured by the FDIC or are collateralized.

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies; certificates of participation; obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

2. <u>Stores Inventory and Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures</u>

Inventory is recorded using the consumption method in that inventory acquisitions are initially recorded in inventory asset accounts and are recorded as expenditures when the supplies are used. Inventory is valued at average cost and consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Prepaid expenses/expenditures represent amounts paid in advance of receiving goods or services. The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure when incurred.

Reported inventory and prepaid expense/expenditures are equally offset by a reserve, which indicates that these amounts are not available for appropriation.

3. Capital Assets

Furniture and equipment purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost, and capital improvement, acquisition, or construction with an original cost of \$50,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all capital assets is computed using a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Site and Improvements	20
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Furniture and Equipment	5-20

4. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

5. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualifying expenditures have been incurred. Unearned revenue is recorded to the extent that cash received on specific projects and programs exceeds qualifying expenditures. Unearned revenue in the Cafeteria Fund represents the balances of prepaid meal accounts unused at June 30, 2017. Unearned revenue in the Developer Fees Fund represents the allowance provided by Developers to furnish and equip Orchard Ranch Elementary School that remain unused at June 30, 2017.

6. Compensated Absences

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken, since such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

7. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and additions to/deductions from the CalSTRS' and CalPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Premiums and discounts as well as refunding costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the obligation, when applicable. Liabilities are reported net of applicable premiums, discounts or refunding costs.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize premiums and discounts as well as issuance and refunding costs, when the debt is issued. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums, discounts, issuance and refunding costs are reported as other financing sources or uses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Equity (Continued)</u>

9. Fund Balances

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The five classifications in governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance consists of funds that are inherently nonspendable, due to their form or that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance consists of funds that have limitations on use that are externally enforceable by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance consists of funds that are set aside for a specific purpose by the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Governing Board. The Governing Board may commit fund balance by taking formal action, such as majority vote or resolution, no later than June 30th; however, the amount can be determined subsequent to the release of the financial statements. The same formal action must be taken by the Governing Board to remove or change the limitations placed on the funds.

Assigned Fund Balance consists of funds that are set aside with the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the District. The Governing Board has delegated authority to assign amounts to be used for a specific purpose to the Assistant Superintendent - Business Services for the purpose of reporting amounts in the annual financial statement.

Unassigned Fund Balance consists of positive net resources of the General Fund in excess of what can properly be classified in the previous four categories.

The Governing Board adopted a minimum fund balance policy consisting of unassigned amounts as follows:

The District will maintain an economic uncertainty reserve of at least 3% of the General Fund operating expenditures (including other financing), to avoid the need for service level reductions in the event of an economic downturn which causes revenues to come in lower than budgeted. The District will maintain an additional District economic uncertainty reserve of at least 2% of total General Fund operating expenditures (including other financing), to avoid the need for service level reductions, to meet cash flow requirements, and to maintain a solid bond rating. These reserves may be increased from time to time in order to address specific anticipated revenue shortfalls (state actions, etc.). In the event that the balance drops below the established minimum, the District will develop a plan to replenish the fund balance to the established minimum level.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Equity (Concluded)</u>

9. Fund Balances (Concluded)

The District considers restricted fund balances to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the District considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

10. Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF)/Property Tax

The formula for determining the level of funding per student is the "Local Control Funding Formula" (LCFF). District funding under the LCFF is generally provided by a mix of state aid and local property taxes.

The County of Placer is responsible for assessing, collecting and apportioning property taxes to the District. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. The levy is based on the assessed values as of the preceding January 1, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on November 1 and February 1, and taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (January 1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The county apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternative method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California *Revenue and Taxation Code*. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll, approximately October 1 of each year.

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local LCFF sources by the District. The California Department of Education reduces the District's LCFF entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. Any balance remaining is paid from the State General Fund, and is known as LCFF State Aid.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2017, consist of the following:

		rnmental <u>tivities</u>	iduciary <u>Activities</u>
Cash on Hand and in Banks Cash in Revolving Funds	\$	200 10,000	\$ 274,195
County Pool Investments	58	,596,147	 14,375
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$58</u>	<u>,606,347</u>	\$ 288,570

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash on Hand and in Banks

Cash on hand and in banks consists of all cash held by the District and all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts owned by the District, exclusive of amounts held in revolving funds.

Cash in Revolving Funds

Cash in revolving funds consist of all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts that are used as revolving funds as well as petty cash funds.

County Pool Investments

County pool investments consist of District cash held by the Placer County Treasury that is invested in the county investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts that are based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorization

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the following schedule:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations/Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds/Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Investment pool.

Weighted Average Maturity

The District monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. Information about the weighted average maturity of the District's portfolio is presented in the following schedule:

Governmental Activities:

Investment Type		Carrying Fair Value Value		Weighted Average Days to Maturity		
County Pool Investments	\$ 58,596,147 \$ 58,249,245			1,595		
Fiduciary Activities:	C	Carrying		Fair	Weighted Average	
Investment Type		Value		Value	Days to Maturity	
County Pool Investments	\$	14,375	\$	14,290	1,595	

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2017, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONCLUDED)

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specific term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Placer County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2017:

Governmental Activities:

	Fair			
Investment Type	 Value	Uncategorize		
County Pool Investments	\$ 58,249,245	\$	58,249,245	
Fiduciary Activities:				
	Fair			
Investment Type	 Value	U	ncategorized	
County Pool Investments	\$ 14,290	\$	14,290	

All assets have been valued using a market approach, with quoted market prices.

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

	General Fund	Int Rec	Bond erest & demption Fund	De	eveloper Fees Fund	on-Major vernmental Funds		Totals
Federal Government State Government Local Governments	\$ 300,188 1,737,136 2,093,034	•		•		\$ 514,582 33,907		814,770 1,771,043 2,093,034
Interest Miscellaneous	26,060 487,932	\$	9,707	\$	24,954 52,342	 1,418 12,758		62,139 553,032
Totals	\$ 4,644,350	\$	9,707	\$	77,296	\$ 562,665	\$ 5	5,294,018

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

Interfund transactions are reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

A. <u>Due From/Due To Other Funds</u>

All interfund receivables and payables are scheduled to be paid within one year. Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Funds		nterfund eceivables		Interfund <u>Payables</u>		
General Developer Fees	\$	240,429 2	\$	114		
Cafeteria County School Facilities		114		240,232 <u>199</u>		
Totals	<u>\$</u>	240,545	<u>\$</u>	240,545		

B. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended. Interfund transfers for fiscal year 2016-17 were as follows:

Transfer \$571,570 from the Developer Fees Fund to the General Fund for 3% administrative costs based on developer fee revenue collected.

Transfer \$3,454,283 from the Developer Fees Fund to the County School Facilities Fund for the Fiddyment Farm Elementary School.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, is shown below:

	Balances July 1, 2016	 Additions	 Deletions	J	Balances une 30, 2017
Land Sites and Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Work-in-Progress	\$ 40,714,239 16,827,201 206,787,425 4,140,631 503,042	\$ 9,912 999,682 171,475 8,040,024	\$ 57,868 595,315	\$	40,714,239 16,837,113 207,787,107 4,254,238 7,947,751
Totals at Historical Cost	 268,972,538	 9,221,093	 653,183		277,540,448
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Sites and Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment	 6,730,633 55,328,263 2,835,426	 838,817 4,155,276 196,466	 57,868		7,569,450 59,483,539 2,974,024
Total Accumulated Depreciation	64,894,322	 5,190,559	 57,868		70,027,013
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 204,078,216	\$ 4,030,534	\$ 595,315	\$	207,513,435

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction Supervision of Instruction	\$	4,745,606 2,317
Home-To-School Transportation		62,852
Food Services		56,279
Other Pupil Services		86,890
Data Processing		6,240
Other General Administration		199,564
Plant Services		30,811
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$</u>	5,190,559

NOTE 6 - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The District's outstanding general obligation debt, excluding \$1,385,660 of unamortized bond premiums, as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

A. Current Interest Bonds

Year of Issue	Interest Rate %	Date of Maturity	Amount of Original Issue	Outstanding July 1, 2016	Issued Current Year	Redeemed Current Year	Outstanding June 30, 2017
2012	3.00-5.00	8/1/28	\$ 17,075,000	\$ 13,415,000	\$ () \$ 1,475,000	\$ 11,940,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 6 - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

A. Current Interest Bonds (Concluded)

The annual requirements to amortize the current interest bonds payable, outstanding as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Principal	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Totals</u>
2018	\$ 1,635,000	\$ 502,687	\$	2,137,687
2019	625,000	450,875		1,075,875
2020	675,000	428,125		1,103,125
2021	710,000	398,562		1,108,562
2022	775,000	361,438		1,136,438
2023-2027	4,995,000	1,151,000		6,146,000
2028-2032	 2,525,000	 120,469		2,645,469
Totals	\$ 11,940,000	\$ 3,413,156	\$	15,353,156

B. Capital Appreciation Bonds

Year of Issue	Accretion Rate %	Date of <u>Maturity</u>	Amount of Original Issue	Outstanding July 1, 2016	Accreted Interest Current Year	Redeemed Current Year	Outstanding June 30, 2017
1992 2003	6.25-6.60 5.11-5.58	8/1/17 8/1/27	\$ 12,796,847 5,258,924	\$ 10,146,095 10,692,546	\$ 372,239 583,733	\$ 5,022,888	\$ 5,495,446 11,276,279
			\$ 18,055,771	\$ 20,838,641	\$ 955,972	\$ 5,022,888	\$ 16,771,725

The outstanding obligation for the 1992 Series A capital appreciation bonds is as follows:

Year Ended	Accretion	-	Amount of iginal Issue		Accreted				
<u>June 30</u>	Rate %	((Principal)		Interest		Interest Totals		<u>Totals</u>
2018	6.60	\$	1,087,928	\$	4,407,518	\$	5,495,446		
Totals		\$	1,087,928	\$	4,407,518	\$	5,495,446		

The annual requirements to amortize the 1992 Series A capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Totals</u>
2018	\$ 1,087,928	\$ 4,437,072	\$ 5,525,000
Totals	\$ 1,087,928	\$ 4,437,072	\$ 5,525,000

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 6 - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONCLUDED)

B. Capital Appreciation Bonds (Concluded)

The outstanding obligation for the 2002 Series A capital appreciation bonds is as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Accretion <u>Rate %</u>	Or	Amount of iginal Issue <u>(Principal)</u>	Accreted Interest	<u>Totals</u>
2018		\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
2019	5.11		551,628	584,255	1,135,883
2020	5.19		545,860	590,773	1,136,633
2021	5.27		539,927	596,949	1,136,876
2022	5.35		531,750	600,479	1,132,229
2023-2027	5.43-5.56		2,583,322	3,037,882	5,621,204
2028-2032	5.58		506,437	 607,017	 1,113,454
Totals		\$	5,258,924	\$ 6,017,355	\$ 11,276,279

The annual requirements to amortize the 2002 Series A capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest		<u>Totals</u>
2018	\$ 0	\$ 0		\$ 0
2019	551,628	648,372		1,200,000
2020	545,860	719,140		1,265,000
2021	539,927	795,073		1,335,000
2022	531,750	873,250		1,405,000
2023-2027	2,583,322	5,706,678		8,290,000
2028-2032	506,437	 1,433,563		 1,940,000
Totals	\$ 5,258,924	\$ 10,176,076	:	\$ 15,435,000

NOTE 7 - CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION

On December 1, 1998, the Roseville City School Public Financing Corporation issued certificates of participation in the amount of \$19,270,000, with interest rates from 3.2% to 4.875%. The proceeds from the sale of the certificates were used to finance a portion of the cost of construction of three new elementary schools and one new middle school.

On January 25, 2012, the Roseville City School Public Financing Corporation issued certificates of participation in the amount of \$12,505,000, with an interest rate of 3.30% per annum. The District used the proceeds from the sale to redeem \$12,070,000 of the outstanding 1998 certificates of participation.

At June 30, 2017, the outstanding principal balance for the certificates of participation was \$7,780,000.

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 7 - CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION (CONCLUDED)

The certificates of participation mature through fiscal year 2023-24 as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Totals</u>
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023-2027	\$ 1,010,000 1,040,000 1,075,000 1,105,000 1,145,000 2,405,000	\$ 240,075 206,250 171,352 135,382 98,258 79,943	\$ 1,250,075 1,246,250 1,246,352 1,240,382 1,243,258 2,484,943
Totals	\$ 7,780,000	\$ 931,260	\$ 8,711,260

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASES

During fiscal year 2014-15, the District entered into a capital lease agreement to finance the purchase of \$217,111 of computer equipment. The lease agreement provides for title to pass upon expiration of the lease period.

During fiscal year 2015-16, the District entered into a capital lease agreement to finance the purchase of \$213,304 of computer equipment. The lease agreement provides for title to pass upon expiration of the lease period.

On June 24, 2016, the District entered into a capital lease agreement to finance the purchase of \$116,427 of computer equipment. On August 22, 2016, the District entered into a capital lease agreement to finance the purchase of \$89,896 of computer equipment. The lease agreements provide for title to pass upon expiration of the lease periods.

Future minimum capital lease payments under these agreements are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Lease <u>Payments</u>
2018 2019 2020	\$ 164,010 108,239 <u>53,478</u>
Total payments	325,727
Less amounts representing interest	(11,483)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 314,244</u>

The District will receive no sublease rental revenues nor pay any contingent rentals for the leased assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 9 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVES

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 11, the District adopted an early retirement incentive program, pursuant to Education Code Sections 22714 and 44929, whereby the service credit to eligible certificated employees was increased by two years.

The future payments under these early retirement incentive agreements will be made through fiscal year 2024-25 as follows:

Year Ended June 30	STRS Golden <u>Handshakes</u>
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023-27	\$ 719,525 579,036 457,353 354,023 332,161 509,950
Subtotal	2,952,048
Less amount representing interest	(624,820)
Total	<u>\$ 2,327,228</u>

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to the early retirement incentives described in Note 9 and the pension benefits described in Note 11, the District offers other post employment benefits (OPEB) to employees who meet certain criteria. The District records the liability for this benefit in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45.

<u>Plan Descriptions</u>: The District provides medical coverage to employees who retire from active status at a minimum age of 55 with at least 15 years of service and are eligible for pension benefits under either the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) or California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

The District subsidizes premiums for the retirees and dependents up to the District cap (currently set at \$7,187 per year); until the retiree reaches age 65 for certificated retirees or for five years, but not beyond age 65 for classified retirees. The District's subsidy is 50% for retirees with 15 years of service with an additional 10% added for each additional year of service, with 100% subsidy for 20 plus years of service. The retiree is responsible for self-paying any excess premiums above the District subsidy. The District does not have any obligations for lifetime post employment benefits.

All contracts with District employees will be renegotiated at various times in the future and, thus, costs and benefits are subject to change. Benefits and contribution requirements (both employee and employer) for the OPEB plan are established by various labor agreements.

The District had 681 eligible active employees and 46 eligible retired employees covered under the OPEB plan as of February 1, 2016, the effective date of the biennial OPEB valuation. For the District, OPEB benefits are administered by District personnel. No separate financial statements are issued.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The District currently pays for post employment healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis, and these financial statements assume that pay-as-you-go funding will continue.

<u>Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation</u>: The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation that resulted in a net OPEB obligation of \$6,688,429 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	1,378,490
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation		255,306
Adjustment to ARC		(289,965)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		1,343,831
Contributions for the fiscal year		(328,866)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		1,014,965
Net OPEB Obligation - June 30, 2016		5,673,464
Net OPEB Obligation - June 30, 2017	<u>\$</u>	6,688,429

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three fiscal years are presented in the following table:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual <u>OPEB Cost</u>	Percentage Contributed	•	let OPEB <u>Obligation</u>
June 30, 2017	\$ 1,343,831	24.5%	\$	6,688,429
June 30, 2016	1,313,073	23.5%		5,673,464
June 30, 2015	1,089,918	25.7%		4,668,966

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of future benefits for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of future events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarially accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONCLUDED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Concluded):

In the February 1, 2016, actuarial valuation, the liabilities were computed using the entry age normal method and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is being amortized using the level percentage of payroll method over an closed 30 year amortization period for the initial UAAL and an open 24 year amortization period for the residual UAAL. The actuarial assumptions utilized a 4.5% discount rate, the expected long-term rate of return on District assets, a 2.75% inflation rate, and 2.75% compensation increase rate. The valuation assumes a 4% medical cost trend rate based on the actuary's long-term assumption that the average increase over time cannot continue to outstrip general inflation by a wide margin.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTE 11 - <u>RETIREMENT PLANS</u>

Qualified employees are covered under retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are eligible to participate under the multipleemployer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are eligible to participate under the multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

The District reported net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense in the accompanying government-wide financial statements as follows:

	Net	Deferred	Deferred	
	Pension	Outflows of	Inflows of	Pension
Pension Plan	Liabilities	Resources	Resources	Expense
CalSTRS	\$ 73,359,609	\$ 14,159,714	\$ 1,788,803	\$ 11,215,198
CalPERS	19,395,236	6,346,014	567,244	2,766,603
Totals	\$ 92,754,845	\$ 20,505,728	\$ 2,356,047	\$ 13,981,801

A. <u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)</u>

Plan Description

The California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) provides pension benefits, including disability and survivor benefits, to California full-time and part-time public school teachers and certain other employees of the public school system. The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code Section 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established the plan and CalSTRS as the administrator. The benefit terms of the plan may be amended through legislation. CalSTRS issues a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report available to the public that can be found on the CalSTRS website.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)</u>

Benefits Provided

The State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs and to defray reasonable expenses for administering the STRP. Although CaISTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State of California is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity of the STRP.

The STRP Defined Benefit Program has two benefit formulas:

- CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform services that could be creditable to CalSTRS.
- CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform services that could be creditable to CalSTRS.

The Defined Benefit Program provides retirement benefits based on a members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to survivors/beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. There are several differences between the two benefit formulas and some of the differences are noted below.

CalSTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to a maximum of 2.4% at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2% to the age factor, up to the 2.4% maximum.

CalSTRS calculates retirement benefits based on one-year final compensation for members with 25 or more years of credited service, or for classroom teachers with fewer than 25 years of credited service if the employer entered into, extended, renewed, or amended an agreement prior to January 1, 2014, to elect to pay the additional benefit cost for all of its classroom teachers. One year final compensation means a member's highest average annual compensation earnable for 12 consecutive months based on the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a full-time basis. For most members with fewer than 25 years of credited service, final compensation is the highest average annual compensation earnable for any 36 consecutive months of credited service a member could earn in a school year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)</u>

Benefits Provided (Concluded)

CalSTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4% at age 65 or older.

All CalSTRS 2% at 62 members have their final compensation based on their highest average annual compensation earnable for 36 consecutive months of credited service a member could earn in a school year.

Contributions

Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and are detailed in the Teachers' Retirement Law. A summary of statutory contribution rates and other sources of contributions to the Defined Benefit Program are as follows:

<u>Members</u>: Pursuant to Chapter 47, Statutes of 2014 (AB 1469 - Bonta), the CalSTRS member contribution rates were as follows: Under CalSTRS 2% at 60, the member contribution rate was 10.25% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2016-17. Under CalSTRS 2% at 62, the member contribution rate was 9.205% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2016-17. The rate imposed on CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is based assuming no change in the normal cost of benefits.

<u>Employers</u>: Pursuant to Chapter 47, Statutes of 2014 (AB 1469 - Bonta), the employer contribution rate was 12.58% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2016-17. The District contributed \$6,169,899 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

<u>State</u>: The contribution was 2.017% of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year. Also, as a result of AB 1469 - Bonta, the additional state appropriation required to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046 is specified in Education Code Section 22955.1(b). The additional state contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was 4.311%. Including a 2.50% contribution for SBMA funding, the total state appropriation to the defined benefit program was 8.828% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Payable for Benefit Enhancement

The District provides, at their cost, an additional two years of service credit to increase the amount of participating members' monthly retirement benefits. The cost to the District will be paid in installments not to exceed eight years, with interest charged on the unpaid balance at the actuarially assumed rate of return on investments for the Defined Benefit Program (currently at 7.5%). As of June 30, 2017, the outstanding balance of these payables to CalSTRS was \$2,327,228 (See Note 9).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred</u> <u>Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability associated with the District was as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 73,359,609
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	 53,125,003
Total net pension liability attributed to District	\$ 126,484,612

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school districts and the State. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.0906%
Proportion - June 30, 2016	0.0907%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.0001%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$11,215,198, which includes \$3,612,445 of support provided by the State. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 6,169,899	
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$ 1,788,803
Changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	1,905,279	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	6,084,536	
Totals	\$ 14,159,714	\$ 1,788,803

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)

The deferred outflows of resources related to District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ 305,067
305,067
3,439,520
2,238,398
50,879
(137,919)
\$

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in employer's proportion and differences in employer's contributions and employer's proportionate share of contributions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 7 years as of June 30, 2016. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2016. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2015
Experience Study	July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return ¹	7.60%
Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%
Wage Growth	3.75%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% simple for DB (Annually)
	Maintain 85% purchasing power level for DB

¹ Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses. CalSTRS uses a 7.5% assumed investment rate of return for funding purposes, which is net of administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Concluded)

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS specific experience through June 30, 2015. RP2000 series tables are an industry standard set of mortality rates published in 2000 by the Society of Actuaries. See CalSTRS July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2010 Experience Analysis and June 30, 2015 Actuarial Program Valuations for more information.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance - PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in 2012 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed	Long-Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	0.30%
Real Estate	13%	5.20%
Private Equity	13%	9.30%
Absolute Return / Risk		
Mitigating Strategies	9%	2.90%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.80%
Cash / Liquidity	2%	-1.00%
Total	100%	

* 20-year geometric average

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases as per AB 1469 - Bonta. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expenses occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Concluded)</u>

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the</u> <u>Discount Rate</u>

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the current discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.60%) or one percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	6.60%	7.60%	8.60%
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$105,581,023	\$ 73,359,609	\$ 46,598,377

Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description, Benefits Provided, and Employees Covered

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by the CalPERS. All employees who work at least half time or are appointed to a job that will last at least six months and one day are eligible for CalPERS. Benefits vest after five years. Employees are eligible to retire at or after age 50 having attained five years of credited service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Employees hired after January 1, 2013 with five years of credit service must be at least age 52 to retire.

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. <u>California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)</u>

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary, and new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013 are required to contribute the higher of 50% of the total normal cost rate for their defined benefit plan or 6.0% of their salary. The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was 13.888% of annual payroll. The District's contribution to CalPERS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was \$1,787,350.

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred</u> <u>Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$19,395,236 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.0931%
Proportion - June 30, 2016	0.0982%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.0051%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,766,603. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 1,787,350	
Differences between expected and actual experience	822,313	
Changes of assumptions		\$ 567,244
Changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions	698,712	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	3,037,639	
Totals	\$ 6,346,014	\$ 567,244

The deferred outflows of resources related to District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	
2018	\$ 799,827
2019	765,112
2020	1,641,023
2021	785,458

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and changes in employer's proportion and differences in employer's contributions and employer's proportionate share of contributions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 4 years as of June 30, 2016. Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and reduced over a closed 5-year period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. <u>California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2015
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.65%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth	Varies
Investment Rate of Return	7.65%
Post Retirement Benefit Increase ⁽¹⁾	

⁽¹⁾ Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

Mortality rate table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of projected on-going mortality improvements using Scale BB published by the Society of Actuaries.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CaIPERS website.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65%. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both shortterm and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. <u>California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)</u>

Discount Rate (Concluded)

Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ^(a)	Real Return Years 11+ ^(b)
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Debt Securities	20.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Assets	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	1.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100%		

^(a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

^(b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.65%) or one percentage point higher (8.65%) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	6.65%	7.65%	8.65%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,937,800	\$ 19,395,236	\$ 11,449,174

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONCLUDED)

B. <u>California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Concluded)</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

C. Social Security or Alternative Plan

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use the Accumulation Program for Part-Time and Limited-Service employees (APPLE) as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and participating employees vest immediately. The District contributed 3.75% of employees' gross earnings from July 2016 through June 2017.

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2017, is shown below.

	Balances July 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balances June 30, 2017	Due within One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 179,480	\$ 199,540	\$ 179,480	\$ 199,540	\$ 199,540
General Obligation Bonds:					
Current Interest	13,415,000		1,475,000	11,940,000	1,635,000
Capital Appreciation	20,838,641	955,972	5,022,888	16,771,725	5,525,000
Bond Premiums	1,511,658		125,998	1,385,660	125,998
Certificates of Participation	8,755,000		975,000	7,780,000	1,010,000
Capital Leases	300,080	206,323	192,159	314,244	157,323
Deferred Obligation	3,454,282		3,454,282	0	
Early Retirement Incentives	2,386,295	498,488	557,555	2,327,228	536,156
Other Post Employment					
Benefits	5,673,464	1,343,831	328,866	6,688,429	
Net Pension Liabilities	74,713,402	18,041,443		92,754,845	
Totals	\$ 131,227,302	\$ 21,245,597	\$ 12,311,228	\$ 140,161,671	\$ 9,189,017

The general obligation bonds are obligations of the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund, which is primarily funded by property tax collections. The certificates of participation are financed by developer fees. The compensated absences, capital leases, early retirement incentives, and other post employment benefits, are obligations of the General Fund. The net pension liabilities will be financed by contributions made to the pension plans from the General Fund and Cafeteria Fund.

NOTE 13 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS MADE BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to the State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) for K-12 Education. This payment consists of state general fund contributions to CalSTRS of \$3,612,445 (8.602365% of creditable compensation subject to CalSTRS).

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - FUND BALANCES

The fund balances as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	General Fund	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Developer Fees Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Totals
Nonspendable:					
Revolving Cash	\$ 10,000			• • • • • • •	\$ 10,000
Stores Inventory				\$ 51,042	51,042
Prepaid Expenditures	324,512				324,512
Total Nonspendable	334,512			51,042	385,554
Restricted:					
Categorical Programs	3,593,698			1,596,404	5,190,102
Local Programs	299,601				299,601
Capital Projects			\$ 22,206,071		22,206,071
Debt Service		\$ 8,628,590			8,628,590
Redevelopment	293,248				293,248
Total Restricted	4,186,547	8,628,590	22,206,071	1,596,404	36,617,612
Committed:	007 (00				007 400
Curriculum Adoption	397,428				397,428
Technology/Wi-Fi Upgrade Maintenance	553,250 389,743				553,250 389,743
Other Commitments	530,837				530,837
Total Committed		0	0	0	
Total Committed	1,871,258	0_	0	0	1,871,258
Assigned:					
Curriculum Adoption	1,653,804				1,653,804
LCFF Supplemental	400,703				400,703
Other Assignments	1,051,108				1,051,108
Total Assigned	3,105,615	0	0	0	3,105,615
Unassigned:					
Economic Uncertainties - Required	3,004,856				3,004,856
Economic Uncertainties - District	2,003,327				2,003,327
Other Unassigned	8,298,126				8,298,126
Total Unassigned	13,306,309	0	0	0	13,306,309
Total Fund Balances		·			
I UTAI FUITU DATATICES	\$ 22,804,241	\$ 8,628,590	\$ 22,206,071	\$ 1,647,446	\$ 55,286,348

NOTE 15 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM

The District adopted an early retirement incentive program, pursuant to Education Code Sections 22714 and 44929, whereby the service credit to eligible employees is increased by two years. Eligible employees must have five or more years of service under the California State Teachers' Retirement System and retire during a period of not more than 120 days or less than 60 days from the date of the formal action taken by the District.

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 15 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM (CONCLUDED)

Retiree Information

Eight employees retired in exchange for the additional two years of service credit.

Position Vacated	<u>Age</u>	Service <u>Credit</u>	Retiree <u>Salary</u>	Retiree <u>Benefits</u>	 olacement <u>Salary</u>	 olacement <u>Benefits</u>
Teacher Teacher	62 61	17 24	\$ 92,841 97,119	\$ 23,787 24,552	\$ 60,146 60,146	\$ 17,941 17,941
Teacher	56	27	98,059	24,720	60,146	17,941
Teacher	62	35	97,874	24,687	60,146	17,941
Teacher	58	30	97,218	24,570	60,146	17,941
Teacher	56	18	90,526	23,373	60,146	17,941
Teacher	62	32	96,822	24,499	60,146	17,941
Teacher	56	30	 99,938	 25,056	 60,146	 17,941
			\$ 770,397	\$ 195,244	\$ 481,168	\$ 143,528

Additional Costs

As a result of this early retirement incentive program, the District expects to incur \$527,429 in additional costs over an eight year period as presented below:

Retirement costs Administrative costs	\$	524,549 2,880
Total additional costs	<u>\$</u>	527,429

NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2016-17, the District participated in one joint powers authority (JPA) for purposes of pooling risk. There were no significant reductions in coverage during the year. Settlements have not exceeded coverage for each of the past three years.

NOTE 17 - JOINT VENTURES

The District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers agreements (JPAs); the Schools Insurance Group (SIG) for workers' compensation, property and liability, and health and welfare insurance, and School Project for Utility Rate Reduction (SPURR) for direct purchase of gas, electricity, and other utility services. SPURR also provides advisory services relative to utilities. The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs arrange for and/or provide coverage for their members. Each JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. Each board controls the operations of their JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the Board.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 17 - JOINT VENTURES (CONCLUDED)

Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in each JPA. The JPAs are audited on an annual basis. Financial information can be obtained by contacting each JPA's management.

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. State and Federal Allowances, Awards and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

B. <u>Litigation</u>

The District is subject to various legal proceedings and claims. In the opinion of management, the ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

C. <u>School Construction, Dedication, and Reimbursement Agreement</u>

The District entered into a School Construction, Dedication and Reimbursement Agreement effective March 17, 2016 with Roseville Schools, LLC (Developers) to construct a fourth school (Orchard Ranch Elementary School) in the West Roseville Specific Plan Area (WRSP), which is scheduled to open in August 2017. Site acquisition costs, site development costs and construction costs for the School will be funded by a combination of school impact fees and state reimbursement. The District has established a school impact fee specifically for the project.

Under the terms of the agreement, Roseville Schools, LLC, at its sole cost and expense, subject to its right to reimbursement of the amounts provided in the agreement, shall construct and dedicate the School and the District agrees to reimburse Roseville Schools, LLC for costs incurred from available state funding and school impact fees received for the Project. In the event available funding for the Project is insufficient to reimburse costs incurred, the unfunded amount shall be treated as an advance to the District and payment deferred until such time as there are sufficient funds in the WRSP account to satisfy the Deferred Obligation. Where two or more Deferred Obligations exist simultaneously, payments shall be made in order incurred, on a first incurred/first paid basis, with payments continuing until all Deferred Obligations are fully satisfied.

During the 2016-17 fiscal year, the District collected \$10,822,923 of developer fees in the West Roseville Specific Plan Area, net of 3% administrative costs. Of this amount, the District transferred \$3,454,283 to Developers to pay off the Deferred Obligation on Fiddyment Farm Elementary School. The remaining \$7,368,640 was transferred to Developers for reimbursable costs incurred on the Orchard Ranch Elementary School.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONCLUDED)

D. <u>Capital Leases</u>

On June 20, 2017, the District entered into two capital lease agreements to finance the purchase of \$227,683 of computer equipment. The commencement date of the leases is July 2017. The lease agreements provide for title to pass upon expiration of the lease periods. Future minimum lease payments under the agreements require four annual payments of \$59,026 beginning in fiscal year 2017-18.

NOTE 19 - FUTURE GASB IMPLEMENTATION

In June 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, with required implementation for the District in fiscal year 2017-18. The primary objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of GASB 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* and establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District's management has evaluated events or transactions that occurred for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements from the balance sheet date through December 12, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined that there were no subsequent events or transactions that require disclosure in or adjustment to the current year financial statements, except as noted below.

Orchard Ranch Elementary School

On July 31, 2017 the Orchard Ranch Elementary School grant deed was transferred from Roseville Schools, LLC and recorded in the name of Roseville City School District. Beginning in fiscal year 2017-18, the District will transfer developer fees, collected in the West Roseville Specific Plan Area, until reimbursable costs incurred by Roseville, LLC under the School Construction, Dedication, and Reimbursement Agreement for the Orchard Ranch Elementary School have been satisfied. (see Note 18C)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Local Sources 34,476,723 38,156,198 38,168,657 12,459 Total LCFF Sources 78,239,698 80,578,303 80,589,012 10,709 Federal Revenue 3,293,524 3,805,022 3,683,624 (121,398) Other State Revenue 8,594,890 9,949,315 9,398,648 (550,667) Other Local Revenue 5,548,464 6,316,787 6,428,890 112,103 Total Revenues 95,676,576 100,649,427 100,100,174 (549,253) Expenditures Current: Certificated Salaries 11,911,835 11,902,431 11,755,098 147,333 Employee Benefits 19,451,718 20,027,892 19,449,883 578,009 Books and Supplies 7,065,847 8,619,943 6,886,551 1,733,392 Services and Other Operating Expenditures 8,500,007 8,949,748 8,310,161 639,587 Capital Outlay 100,431 787,523 726,659 60,864 Debt Service: 1 1,360,631 1,625,551 1,625,047 504	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
State Apportionment / Transfers \$ 43,762,975 \$ 42,422,105 \$ 42,420,355 \$ (1,750) Local Sources 34,476,723 38,156,198 38,168,657 12,459 Total LCFF Sources 78,239,698 80,578,303 80,589,012 10,709 Federal Revenue 3,293,524 3,805,022 3,683,624 (121,398) Other State Revenue 5,548,464 6,316,787 6,428,890 112,103 Total Revenue 5,548,464 6,316,787 6,428,890 112,103 Total Revenues 95,676,576 100,649,427 100,100,174 (549,253) Expenditures Current: Current: Current: 5 43,684,087 49,860,833 49,856,674 4,159 Classified Salaries 11,911,835 11,902,431 11,755,098 147,333 Employee Benefits 19,451,718 20,027,892 19,449,883 578,009 Operating Expenditures 8,500,007 8,949,748 8,310,161 639,587 Capital Outlay 100,431 787,523 726,659 60,684					
Federal Revenue 3,293,524 3,805,022 3,683,624 (121,398) Other State Revenue 8,594,890 9,949,315 9,398,648 (550,667) Other Local Revenues 95,676,576 100,649,427 100,100,174 (549,253) Expenditures 95,676,576 100,649,427 100,100,174 (549,253) Current: Certificated Salaries 11,911,835 11,902,431 11,755,098 147,333 Employee Benefits 19,451,718 20,027,892 19,449,883 578,009 Books and Supplies 7,065,847 8,619,943 6,886,551 1,733,392 Services and Other Operating Expenditures 8,500,007 8,949,748 8,310,161 639,587 Operating Expenditures 1,360,631 1,625,551 1,625,047 504 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 666,425 757,270 749,714 7,556 Interest and Fiscal Charges 154,606 242,390 238,468 3,922 0ther Expenditures 97,895,587 102,773,581 99,598,255 3,175,326	State Apportionment / Transfers				· · · ·
Other State Revenue 8,594,890 9,949,315 9,398,648 (550,667) Other Local Revenue 5,548,464 6,316,787 6,428,890 112,103 Total Revenues 95,676,576 100,649,427 100,100,174 (549,253) Expenditures 0<	Total LCFF Sources	78,239,698	80,578,303	80,589,012	10,709
Expenditures Current: Certificated Salaries 48,684,087 49,860,833 49,856,674 4,159 Classified Salaries 11,911,835 11,902,431 11,755,098 147,333 Employee Benefits 19,451,718 20,027,892 19,449,883 578,009 Books and Supplies 7,065,847 8,619,943 6,886,551 1,733,392 Services and Other 0 0 0 6,866,551 1,733,392 Capital Outlay 100,431 787,523 726,659 60,864 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 666,425 757,270 749,714 7,556 Interest and Fiscal Charges 154,606 242,390 238,468 3,922 Other Expenditures 97,895,587 102,773,581 99,598,255 3,175,326 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Operating Transfers In 337,313 571,570 571,570 0 (1) Other Financing 242,378 20	Other State Revenue	8,594,890	9,949,315	9,398,648	(550,667)
Current: Certificated Salaries 48,684,087 49,860,833 49,856,674 4,159 Classified Salaries 11,911,835 11,902,431 11,755,098 147,333 Employee Benefits 19,451,718 20,027,892 19,449,883 578,009 Books and Supplies 7,065,847 8,619,943 6,886,551 1,733,392 Services and Other 0 0 6,886,551 1,733,392 Operating Expenditures 8,500,007 8,949,748 8,310,161 639,587 Capital Outlay 100,431 787,523 726,659 60,864 Debt Service: 7 749,714 7,556 Interest and Fiscal Charges 154,606 242,390 238,468 3,922 Other Expenditures 97,895,587 102,773,581 99,598,255 3,175,326 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Operating Transfers In 337,313 571,570 571,570 (1) 104,324 206,323 (1)	Total Revenues	95,676,576	100,649,427	100,100,174	(549,253)
Classified Salaries 11,911,835 11,902,431 11,755,098 147,333 Employee Benefits 19,451,718 20,027,892 19,449,883 578,009 Books and Supplies 7,065,847 8,619,943 6,886,551 1,733,392 Services and Other 0 6 6,8551 1,733,392 Services and Other 0 7 6,949,748 8,310,161 639,587 Capital Outlay 100,431 787,523 726,659 60,864 Debt Service: 7 749,714 7,556 Principal Retirement 666,425 757,270 749,714 7,556 Interest and Fiscal Charges 154,606 242,390 238,468 3,922 Other Expenditures 97,895,587 102,773,581 99,598,255 3,175,326 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Operating Transfers In 337,313 571,570 571,570 0 0 Other Financing 242,378 206,324 20					
Employee Benefits 19,451,718 20,027,892 19,449,883 578,009 Books and Supplies 7,065,847 8,619,943 6,886,551 1,733,392 Services and Other 0 6,886,551 1,733,392 Operating Expenditures 8,500,007 8,949,748 8,310,161 639,587 Capital Outlay 100,431 787,523 726,659 60,864 Debt Service: 749,714 7,556 Interest and Fiscal Charges 154,606 242,390 238,468 3,922 Other Expenditures 97,895,587 102,773,581 99,598,255 3,175,326 Excess of Revenues Over (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 337,313 571,570 571,570 0 Operating Transfers In 337,313 571,570 571,570 0 Other Financing 206,324 206,323 (1) 1 Total Other Financing 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)	Certificated Salaries	48,684,087	49,860,833	49,856,674	4,159
Books and Supplies 7,065,847 8,619,943 6,886,551 1,733,392 Services and Other Operating Expenditures 8,500,007 8,949,748 8,310,161 639,587 Capital Outlay 100,431 787,523 726,659 60,864 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 666,425 757,270 749,714 7,556 Interest and Fiscal Charges 154,606 242,390 238,468 3,922 Other Expenditures 1,360,631 1,625,551 1,625,047 504 Total Expenditures 97,895,587 102,773,581 99,598,255 3,175,326 Excess of Revenues Over (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 337,313 571,570 571,570 0 Other Sources 242,378 206,324 206,323 (1) Total Other Financing 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)					
Services and Other Services and Other Operating Expenditures 8,500,007 8,949,748 8,310,161 639,587 Capital Outlay 100,431 787,523 726,659 60,864 Debt Service:					
Capital Outlay 100,431 787,523 726,659 60,864 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 666,425 757,270 749,714 7,556 Interest and Fiscal Charges 154,606 242,390 238,468 3,922 Other Expenditures 1,360,631 1,625,551 1,625,047 504 Total Expenditures 97,895,587 102,773,581 99,598,255 3,175,326 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 337,313 571,570 571,570 (1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)	Services and Other		8,619,943		
Debt Service: Principal Retirement 666,425 757,270 749,714 7,556 Interest and Fiscal Charges 154,606 242,390 238,468 3,922 Other Expenditures 1,360,631 1,625,551 1,625,047 504 Total Expenditures 97,895,587 102,773,581 99,598,255 3,175,326 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0perating Transfers In 337,313 571,570 571,570 (1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)					
Interest and Fiscal Charges 154,606 242,390 238,468 3,922 Other Expenditures 1,360,631 1,625,551 1,625,047 504 Total Expenditures 97,895,587 102,773,581 99,598,255 3,175,326 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 337,313 571,570 571,570 (1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)		100,431	787,523	726,659	60,864
Other Expenditures 1,360,631 1,625,551 1,625,047 504 Total Expenditures 97,895,587 102,773,581 99,598,255 3,175,326 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 337,313 571,570 571,570 (1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)	-				
Total Expenditures 97,895,587 102,773,581 99,598,255 3,175,326 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 337,313 571,570 571,570 (1) Other Sources 242,378 206,324 206,323 (1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)	-				
Excess of Revenues Over (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 337,313 571,570 571,570 Other Sources 242,378 206,324 206,323 (1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)	Other Expenditures	1,360,631	1,625,551	1,625,047	504
(Under) Expenditures (2,219,011) (2,124,154) 501,919 2,626,073 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 337,313 571,570 571,570 Other Sources 242,378 206,324 206,323 (1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)	Total Expenditures	97,895,587	102,773,581	99,598,255	3,175,326
Operating Transfers In Other Sources 337,313 571,570 571,570 Other Sources 242,378 206,324 206,323 (1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)		(2,219,011)	(2,124,154)	501,919	2,626,073
Operating Transfers In Other Sources 337,313 571,570 571,570 Other Sources 242,378 206,324 206,323 (1) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Total Other Financing 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)	Operating Transfers In				
Sources (Uses) 579,691 777,894 777,893 (1)	Other Sources	242,378	206,324	206,323	(1)
Net Change in Fund Balances (1,639,320) (1,346,260) 1,279,812 \$ 2,626,072	Ū.	579,691	777,894	777,893	(1)
	Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,639,320)	(1,346,260)	1,279,812	\$ 2,626,072
Fund Balances - July 1, 2016 21,524,429 21,524,429 21,524,429	Fund Balances - July 1, 2016	21,524,429	21,524,429	21,524,429	
Fund Balances - June 30, 2017 \$ 19,885,109 \$ 20,178,169 \$ 22,804,241	Fund Balances - June 30, 2017	\$ 19,885,109	\$ 20,178,169	\$ 22,804,241	

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	 ue of sets	 Accrued Liability (AAL)	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	 Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
2/1/16	\$ 0	\$ 9,106,850	\$ 9,106,850	0%	\$ 50,934,915	17.9%
2/1/14	0	7,097,938	7,097,938	0%	42,818,859	16.6%
2/1/12	0	6,598,633	6,598,633	0%	42,661,488	15.5%

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS *

JUNE 30, 2017

Year Ended June 30	District's Proportion of the NPL	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL	State's Proportionate Share of the NPL Associated to District	Total NPL Attributed to District	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a % of Total Pension Liability
2017	0.0907%	\$ 73,359,609	\$ 53,125,003	\$ 126,484,612	\$ 45,202,656	162.29%	70.04%
2016	0.0906%	60,983,670	42,278,799	103,262,469	42,043,514	145.05%	74.02%
2015	0.0871%	50,898,627	35,819,393	86,718,020	38,808,424	131.15%	76.52%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined based on a measurement date that was one year prior to the year-end date. This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS *

Year Ended June 30	District's Proportion of the NPL	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a % of Total Pension Liability
2017	0.0982%	\$ 19,395,236	\$ 11,781,497	164.62%	73.90%
2016	0.0931%	13,729,732	10,312,089	133.14%	79.43%
2015	0.0921%	10,455,593	9,663,284	108.20%	83.38%

JUNE 30, 2017

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined based on a measurement date that was one year prior to the year-end date. This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS *

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Determined Contributions	Contributions In Relation to Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	Contributions As a % of Covered Payroll
2017	\$ 6,169,899	\$ 6,169,899	\$-	\$ 49,045,302	12.58%
2016	4,893,909	4,893,909	-	45,609,590	10.73%
2015	3,730,036	3,730,036	-	42,004,910	8.88%

* This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS *

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Determined Contributions	Contributions In Relation to Contractually Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	District's Covered Payroll	Contributions As a % of Covered Payroll
2017	\$ 1,787,350	\$ 1,787,350	\$-	\$ 12,869,744	13.888%
2016	1,395,858	1,395,858	-	11,782,375	11.847%
2015	1,213,646	1,213,646	-	10,310,475	11.771%

* This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

A. <u>Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual</u>

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, the District is required to present a Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance budgetary comparison for the General Fund and each Major Special Revenue Fund that has an adopted budget. These schedules present the original adopted budget, final adopted budget, and the actual revenues and expenditures of each of these funds by object. There were no excess of expenditures over appropriations in the General Fund as of June 30, 2017.

B. Schedule of Funding Progress

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, the District is required to present a schedule which shows the funding progress of the District's OPEB plan for the most recent valuation and two preceding valuations. The information required to be disclosed includes the valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability, the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial liability to annual covered payroll.

C. <u>Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability</u>

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, the District is required to present separately for each cost-sharing pension plan through which pensions are provided a 10-year schedule presenting certain information. The information required to be presented includes the District's proportion and proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the District, if applicable, the District's covered payroll, the District's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

D. <u>Schedule of Contributions</u>

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, the District is required to present separately for each cost-sharing pension plan through which pensions are provided a 10-year schedule presenting certain information. The information required to be presented includes the statutorily or contracted required District contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the required District contribution, the difference between the required District contribution and the amount recognized by the pension plan, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation of the District as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF CHANGES FOR CALSTRS AND CALPERS

Benefit Terms

There were no changes to benefit terms since the previous valuation for either the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (CalSTRS) or the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (CalPERS).

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions for either CalSTRS or CalPERS from the previous valuation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION

ORGANIZATION/BOARD OF EDUCATION/ADMINISTRATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ORGANIZATION

The Roseville City School District was established on May 14, 1869, and operates fourteen elementary schools and four middle schools. The District encompasses and serves the City of Roseville. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the year.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

<u>Name</u>	Office	Term Expires
Hallie Romero	President	November, 2018
Susan E. Duane	Clerk	November, 2018
Alisa Fong	Member	November, 2018
Gary Miller	Member	November, 2020
Julie Constant	Member	November, 2020

ADMINISTRATION

Derk Garcia Superintendent

Jamey Schrey Assistant Superintendent - Educational Services

Jerrold Jorgensen Assistant Superintendent - Personnel Services

Dennis Snelling Assistant Superintendent - Business Services

Debbie Morris Assistant Superintendent - Student Services

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		Cafeteria	S	County School Facilities		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
<u>Assets</u> Deposits and Investments	\$	1,402,602	\$	283	\$	1,402,885	
Receivables	Ŷ	562,665	Ŧ	200	Ŷ	562,665	
Due from Other Funds		114				114	
Stores Inventory		51,042				51,042	
Total Assets	\$	2,016,423	\$	283	\$	2,016,706	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	28,774	\$	84	\$	28,858	
Due to Other Funds		240,232		199		240,431	
Unearned Revenue		99,971				99,971	
Total Liabilities		368,977		283		369,260	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		51,042				51,042	
Restricted		1,596,404				1,596,404	
Total Fund Balances		1,647,446		0		1,647,446	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,016,423	\$	283	\$	2,016,706	

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Cafeteria	County School Facilities	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
<u>Revenues</u>				
Federal Revenue	\$ 3,361,506		\$ 3,361,506	
State Revenue	232,571		232,571	
Local Revenue	2,173,565		2,173,565	
Total Revenues	5,767,642		5,767,642	
Expenditures				
Current:				
Food Services	5,211,486		5,211,486	
Other General Administration	209,333	•	209,333	
Plant Services	73,763	\$ 15,210	88,973	
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement		3,454,282	3,454,282	
Total Expenditures	5,494,582	3,469,492	8,964,074	
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	273,060	(3,469,492)	(3,196,432)	
Other Financing Sources				
Operating Transfers In		3,454,283	3,454,283	
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	0	3,454,283	3,454,283	
Net Change in Fund Balances	273,060	(15,209)	257,851	
Fund Balances - July 1, 2016	1,374,386	15,209	1,389,595	
Fund Balances - June 30, 2017	\$ 1,647,446	\$0	\$ 1,647,446	

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	P-2 Report				
	TK / K - 3	4 - 6	7 - 8	Totals	
Regular ADA	4,569.00	3,342.90	2,247.23	10,159.13	
Extended Year Special Education	6.06	2.19	1.08	9.33	
Special Education - Nonpublic	5.88	5.55	6.14	17.57	
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic	0.71	0.98	0.63	2.32	
Totals	4,581.65	3,351.62	2,255.08	10,188.35	

	Annual Report				
	TK / K - 3	4 - 6	7 - 8	Totals	
Regular ADA	4,585.41	3,342.15	2,244.15	10,171.71	
Extended Year Special Education	6.06	2.19	1.08	9.33	
Special Education - Nonpublic	6.07	5.38	6.20	17.65	
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic	0.71	0.98	0.63	2.32	
Totals	4,598.25	3,350.70	2,252.06	10,201.01	

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Grade Level	Minutes <u>Required</u>	2016-17 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	Number of Days Traditional <u>Calendar</u>	Number of Days Multitrack <u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
Kindergarten	36,000	36,000	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	54,477	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	54,477	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	54,477	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,477	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	54,477	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	57,384	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	57,384	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	57,384	180	N/A	In Compliance

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identification Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Passed through California Department of Education (CDE):				
Child Nutrition: Team Nutrition Grant	10.574	15332		\$ 8,095
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Lunch	10.555	13524		2,537,768
School Basic Breakfast	10.553	13525		22,681
School Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526		453,561
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	13004		47,250
USDA Food Commodities	10.555	*		292,151
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster				3,353,411
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				3,361,506
U.S. Department of Education:				
Passed through CDE:				
Title I Basic Grant Low-Income & Neglected	84.010	14329		860,407
Title II Improving Teacher Quality Title III Programs:	84.367	14341		188,000
Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146		13,695
Limited English Proficient	84.365	14346		95,161
Subtotal Title III Programs				108,856
Passed through Placer County SELPA:				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
IDEA Part B Local Assistance	84.027	13379		1,687,187
IDEA Part B Preschool Grants	84.173	13430		68,410
IDEA Part B Preschool Local Entitlement	84.027A	13682		329,447
IDEA Part B Mental Health Allocation	84.027A	15197		116,177
Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				2,201,221
Total U.S. Department of Education				3,358,484
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Medicaid Cluster:				
Passed through California Department of Health Services:				
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	10013		273,969
Passed through Sutter County Office of Education:				
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities	93.778	10060		7,355
Subtotal Medicaid Cluster				281,324
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				281,324
Total Federal Expenditures			\$0	\$ 7,001,314

* Pass-Through Entity's Identification Number is not available or not applicable

ROSEVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Auditor's Comments

The audited financial statements of all funds were in agreement with the Annual Financial and Budget Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	GENERAL FUND				
	(Budget)* 2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	
Revenues and Other Financial Sources	\$ 100,389,847	\$ 100,878,067	\$ 95,545,516	\$ 81,944,342	
Expenditures	100,902,698	99,598,255	87,962,307	81,931,300	
Other Uses and Transfers Out	0	0	0	0	
Total Outgo	100,902,698	99,598,255	87,962,307	81,931,300	
Change in Fund Balance	(512,851)	1,279,812	7,583,209	13,042	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 22,291,390	\$ 22,804,241	\$ 21,524,429	\$ 13,941,220	
Available Reserves	\$ 14,289,973	\$ 13,306,309	\$ 7,429,401	\$ 6,036,775	
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties **	\$ 5,045,115	\$ 5,008,183	\$ 4,398,117	\$ 4,096,567	
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	14.2%	13.4%	8.4%	7.4%	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 130,972,654	\$ 140,161,671	\$ 131,227,302	\$ 131,440,840	
Average Daily Attendance at P-2	10,286	10,188	9,761	9,547	

* Amounts reported for the budget are presented for analytical purposes only and have not been audited.

** Reported balances are a component of available reserves.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$8,863,021 over the past two years due primarily to the receipt of \$7,145,933 of one-time state funds for outstanding mandate claims. The fiscal year 2017-18 budget projects a decrease of \$512,851. For a district this size, the state recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District produced operating surpluses in each of the past three years.

Long-term liabilities increased \$8,720,831 over the past two years due primarily to the increase in the District's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities related to its participation in the CalSTRS and CalPERS pension plans.

Average daily attendance (ADA) increased 641 ADA (6.7%) over the past two years. The District anticipates an increase of 98 ADA in fiscal year 2017-18.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

A. <u>Combining Statements</u>

Combining statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the District's basic financial statements. These statements present more detailed information about the financial position and financial activities of the District's individual funds.

B. <u>Schedule of Average Daily Attendance</u>

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

C. <u>Schedule of Instructional Time</u>

The District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program for the current fiscal year, but the District did not meet or exceed its LCFF target funding. This schedule presents information on the instructional days provided and the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with Article 8 (commencing with Section 46200) of Chapter 2 of Part 26 of the Education Code.

D. <u>Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards</u>

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Indirect Cost Rates

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (CONCLUDED)

E. <u>Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements</u>

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds as reported in the Annual Financial and Budget Report to the audited financial statements.

F. Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS SECTION

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Education Roseville City School District Roseville, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Roseville City School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's state programs identified on the following page for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in the California Code of Regulations, Title 5, section 19810 and following. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the District's state programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Roseville City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Roseville City School District's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Roseville City School District's compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Board of Education Roseville City School District Page Two

Description	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools: Attendance Teacher Certification and Misassignments Kindergarten Continuance Independent Study Continuation Education Instructional Time Instructional Materials Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers Classroom Teacher Salaries Early Retirement Incentive Gann Limit Calculation School Accountability Report Card Juvenile Court Schools Middle or Early College High Schools K-3 Grade Span Adjustment Transportation Maintenance of Effort Mental Health Expenditures	Yes Yes No (see below) Not Applicable Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable Yes Yes Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools: Educator Effectiveness California Clean Energy Jobs Act After School Education and Safety Program Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts Local Control and Accountability Plan Independent Study-Course Based Immunizations	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable
Charter Schools: Attendance Mode of Instruction Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

We did not perform procedures for the independent study program because the average daily attendance claimed by the District does not exceed the threshold that requires testing.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Roseville City School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Board of Education Roseville City School District Page Three

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 12, 2017

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Roseville City School District Roseville, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Roseville City School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Board of Education Roseville City School District Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted other matters involving internal control and its operation that we have communicated to the management of Roseville City School District in a separate letter dated December 12, 2017.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 12, 2017

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Roseville City School District Roseville, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Roseville City School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Roseville City School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Roseville City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Roseville City School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Roseville City School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Board of Education Roseville City School District Page Two

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Roseville City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or compliance over compliance is a deficiency or a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 12, 2017

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements Unmodified Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Yes Х No Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes Х None reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes Х No Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified? Yes X No Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes X No Identification of major programs: Federal Programs **CFDA Numbers** 84.027 / 84.027A / 84.173 Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 93.778 Medicaid Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes No State Awards Any audit findings required to be reported in accordance with the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting? Yes No Х Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs: Unmodified

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There are no matters to report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There are no matters to report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There are no matters to report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Recommendations

Current Status

Explanation If Not Fully Implemented

STATE AWARDS

2016 - 001 / 40000

UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS

Implemented

The District should establish additional oversight procedures over EL Coordinators at school sites to ensure that all pupils, who are reported as English Learner-eligible on the CALPADS "1.18 - FRPM/ English Learner/Foster Youth -Student List" report have appropriate documentation supporting their EL designation consistent with District policies and procedures. MANAGEMENT LETTER

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT LETTER

December 12, 2017

Governing Board and Management Roseville City School District Roseville, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Roseville City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, we considered Roseville City School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of Roseville City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

During our audit we noted deficiencies in internal control other than significant deficiencies and material weaknesses and certain matters that we consider to be opportunities for strengthening the District's internal controls and operating efficiency. The management points that accompany this letter summarize our comments and suggestions regarding these matters. This letter does not affect our report dated December 12, 2017, on the financial statements of Roseville City School District.

STUDENT BODY ACTIVITIES

The District should ensure that school personnel responsible for oversight of student body activities have the proper training or resources available to them to ensure that student body activities are conducted consistent with District policies and procedures. We noted several instances where student body personnel, including advisors, were either unaware of or did not follow District policies or procedures. The areas where we noted a breakdown in internal control as a result of our audit at various school sites and include the following:

- Supporting documents include copies of invoices and/or receipts in lieu of original invoices and/or receipts
- Reimbursements made to employees for goods delivered to personal residence(s)
- Reimbursements made to employee instead of making direct payment to vendor
- Reimbursement requests not submitted timely
- > One payment for services that appeared to be a District responsibility
- > Not consistently documenting that goods or services have been received prior to payment
- > Not following District procedures when contracting with busing companies for fieldtrips
- Not properly tagging equipment purchased with student body funds
- > Not submitting Sales and Inventory Reconciliation worksheets per District procedures

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We recommend the District continue to provide annual in-service training for employees involved with the student body activity accounts. In addition, we recommend the Business Office prepare and distribute student body accounting manuals to all school sites to establish standardized District procedures.

Regarding the status of the management comments made during fiscal year 2015-16, we noted that the District appears to have implemented seven of the ten bullet points related to student body activities.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel. The comments included in this letter are only a result of audit procedures performed based on risk assessment procedures and not all deficiencies or weaknesses in controls may have been identified.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Governing Board, management, and others within the District and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants