

Questions

SOFTBALL STUDY GUIDE

Name:

Who invented Softball?

What is one nickname for softball?

How many starting players on a softball team?

What position played between 2nd and 3rd base?

What position gets the cut off from right field?

What is a Grand Slam?

Can you "steal" in PE?

What are 2 ways for a batter to get out?

What is a strikeout?

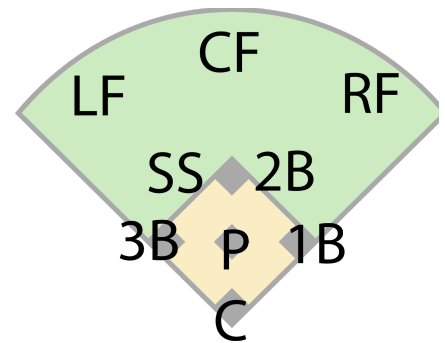
Softball History

George Hancock was the inventor of softball. He tied a boxing glove to look like a ball, chalked out a diamond on the gym floor and broke off a broom handle to serve as a bat. He shouted, "Let's play ball"

Softball was played with a larger ball, indoors, and was known as "indoor baseball". It was intended as a sort of substitute for baseball, a way of keeping in shape during the winter months. Nicknames for softball include: Kitten ball, army ball, mush ball, indoor-outdoor, recreation ball and playground ball. Hancock's game moved outdoors in 1888 and in 1889 he published his first set of softball rules.

Field Positions

- 1- Pitcher (P)- throwing ball underhand to batters, fielding the ball.
- 2- Catcher (C)- catching the ball thrown by the pitcher to home plate area.
- 3- First Base (1B)- covers the area around 1st base and halfway to 2nd base.
- 4- Second Base (2B)- covers the area around 2nd base and halfway to 1st base and also acts as the cutoff for right field.
- 5-Third Base (3B)-Covers the area around 3rd base and halfway to 2nd base.
- 6-Shortstop (SS)- Covers the mid area between 2nd base and 3rd base and acts as a cutoff for left field.
- 7- Left Field (LF)- Covers the outfield from 3rd base foul line to 2nd base.
- 8- Center Field (CF)- Covers the mid outfield section and also backs up right/left fielders
- 9- Right Field (RF)- Covers the outfield from the 1st base foul line to 2nd base.



Terminology

- Batting order-** order in which players must bat.
- Force Out-**when a fielder has possession of the ball at a base where the base runner was forced to run- do not need to tag runner.
- Foul Ball-** a ball that first touches an object or player outside of the foul line. It is considered a strike on the batter, if the batter has less than a two strike count
- Grand Slam-** a home run with bases loaded.
- Inning-** the portion of the game when the teams alternate in the field and at bat. Each team gets three outs. Typically a softball game is played with 7 innings.
- Lead-off batter-** first batter in an inning.
- Line Drive-** a hard hit ball that travels parallel to the ground.
- Stealing-** a base runner advances to the next base before the batter hits the ball. **(This is not allowed in PE)**
- Strike Zone-** that space over any part of home plate between the batter's shoulders and knees.
 - Strike-** A pitched ball that is swung at and missed by the batter: or crosses through the strike zone without swinging. Three strikes = 1 out
 - Ball-** A thrown ball by the pitcher that is not in the strike zone. Four balls= a walk.
 - Tag-up-** A base runner goes from his/her base to the next base after a fly ball is caught. The runner cannot run until is caught.

What is a Fly Out?

Can you pass another base runner?

In PE how many pitches are you allowed? _____

List one Throwing Technique _____

List one Hitting Technique _____

What happens if the batter does not put the bat in the hula?

When is a Batter Out (most common outs)

- Strike Out- 3 strikes
- Tag Out- Runner is tagged with the ball before reaching a base.
- Fly Out- Ball is caught in the air.
- Forced Out- Runner has to run to next base and defensive player touches base before runner.

Other OUTS

- Leaves base before the ball leaves the pitcher's hand
- Runner interferes with a field trying to field ball.
- A runner passes another base runner.
- A runner is hit by a fair batted ball

Base Running

- Runners must touch bases in order.
- Runners may overrun 1st base only, all other bases the runner may be tagged out if they are off base.

PE Rules

- Pitch to your own team. Play stops when the defense throws ball into the pitcher.
- Only 3 pitches per batter.
- If a batted ball hits pitcher, the batter is out.
- No stealing.
- No bunting- if defensive team does not have enough players for a catcher.
- Bat must be placed inside hula hoop or else batter is out.

Techniques and Skills

Throwing	Hitting	Fielding
-Stand with non-throwing shoulder to target -Step with opposite foot -Throwing elbow up in "L" position -Transfer weight from back to front -Follow through- snap wrist towards target.	-Grip hands on base of bat with dominant hand on top -Stand perpendicular to pitcher. -Hold bat above back shoulder -Keep eye on ball -Swing bat level.	-Athletic Stance -Slide feet to get in front of ball

